



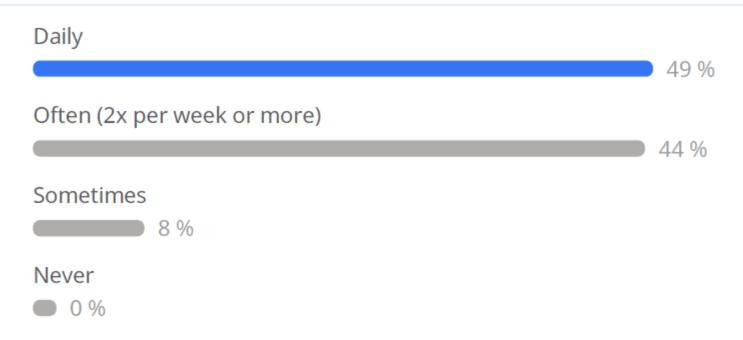






# How often do you use digital mobility services (routing services, ride sharing or ride hailing services, public transport applications...)?





### Digitalisation opportunities





Improved multi-modal journey planning & ticketing for passengers



Instant access to travel information for passengers



Increased efficiency for operators



Optimised use of resources for policymakers







### But is digital mobility inclusive?





**56%** of the 2019 European population possessed at least **basic digital skills** 



48% of citizens living in rural areas & 33% of elderly populations aged 55 to 74 possess at least basic digital skills

Source: European Commission's 2021 Digital Economy and Society Index (DESI)





### Digitalisation barriers





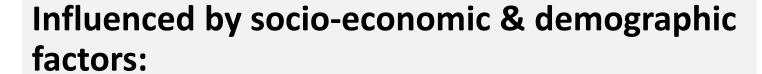
Internet











E.g. gender, race, income, age, living situation, and more...:

- People with low income are less likely to own a smartphone;
- Older populations may have reluctance to engage with technology. The natural aging process also reduces cognitive abilities;
- More than 80 million people in the EU are affected by a disability.











Project duration: January 2020 - December 2022

**Coordinator:** 





MOBILITY, LOGISTICS & AUTOMOTIVE TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH CENTRE

#### **Partners:**

































### Project objectives



#1

To improve the understanding of the users' needs towards the digital transport system.

#2

To improve knowledge about **users'** requirements in personalised digital transport systems.

#4

To foster the **Universal Design** approach throughout the planning and design process of digital application and services, both for accessibility and inclusion.

#5

To influence **future policy** by feeding project results into European, regional and local policy making.

#3

To **co-create tools** that can help engineers, developers, operators and policy makers to generate an inclusive, universally accessible personalised digital transport system.



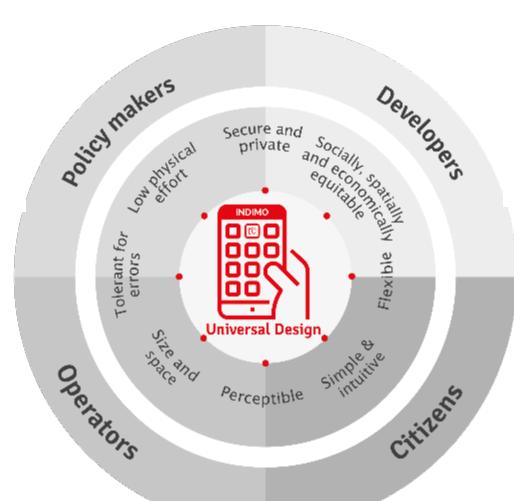




# Concept & methodology













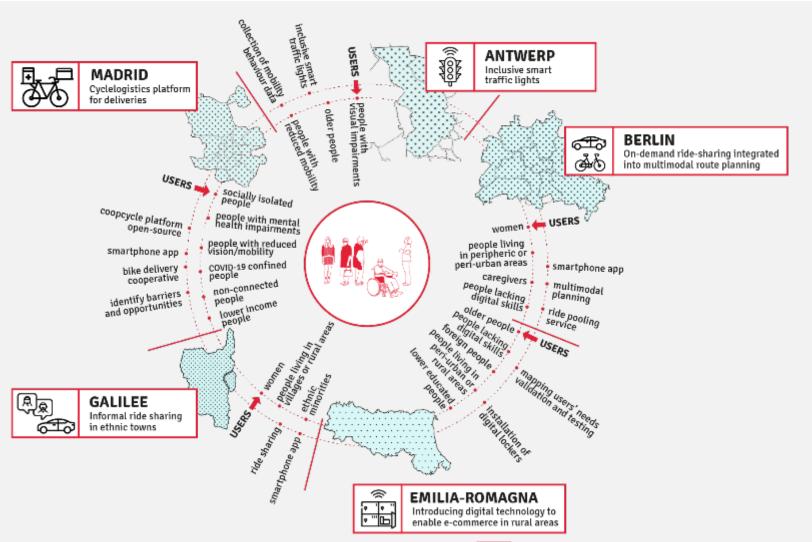






### Pilot projects





### **Objectives**

- ✓ Assess the needs of users in different contexts
- ✓ Co-design the INDIMO toolkit
- √ (Re)design existing services or new services
- ✓ Improve INDIMO tools
- ✓ Assess transferability potential







# INDIMO Inclusive Digital Mobility Toolbox





Universal Design manual for digital transport services



Universal interface language for digital transport services



Cybersecurity and privacy assessment guidelines



Service & policy evaluation tool







### Universal Design Manual



#### Who is the UDM for?









- Graphic designers
- ✓ Operators of mobility/delivery services
- ✓ UX/UI Designers
- ✓ Policymakers in charge of regulations
- ✓ IT experts, programmers & network architects

#### Who will benefit from it?

✓ INDIMO Vulnerable groups of people



#### What does the UDM consist of?

- ✓ The UDM is a manual to provide guidelines for designing digital mobility & delivery services to mitigate barriers for using digital mobility services.
- ✓ It includes a checklist to self-assess the service.

#### How did we build it?

Users' needs elicitation, identification of requirements, journey map definition, & the direct involvement of three key experts on Universal Design & target group representatives.

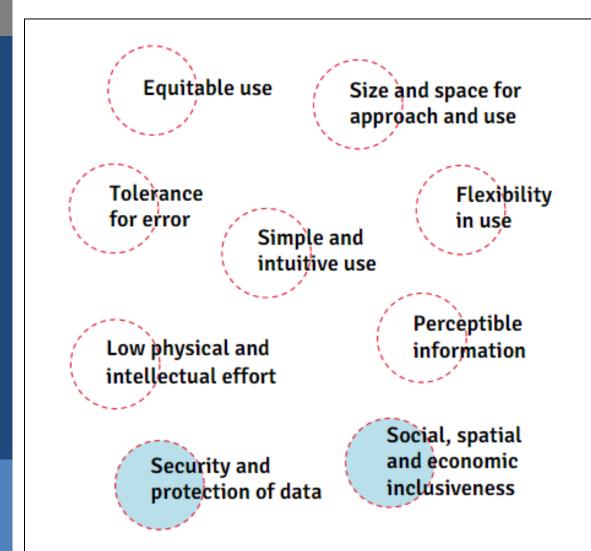






### UDM Principles





 Universal Design is the design of products and services that may be employed by people with a wide array of characteristics, abilities, & disabilities.

 INDIMO proposes two additional principles for digital mobility services.







### UIL – Universal Interface Language



#### Who is the UIL for?







INDIMO target groups:

- ✓ App Developers/ UX designers
- Graphic designers
- ✓ Operators of mobility/delivery services
- ✓ Policymakers in charge of regulations

#### Who will benefit from it?

✓ INDIMO Vulnerable groups of people



#### What does the UIL consist of?

- ✓ Guidelines for the user-centred creation of icons as part of the user interface, be it digital or physical.
- ✓ A conceptual approach to promote awareness about the close connections among icons, visual interface elements & multi-modal cues.



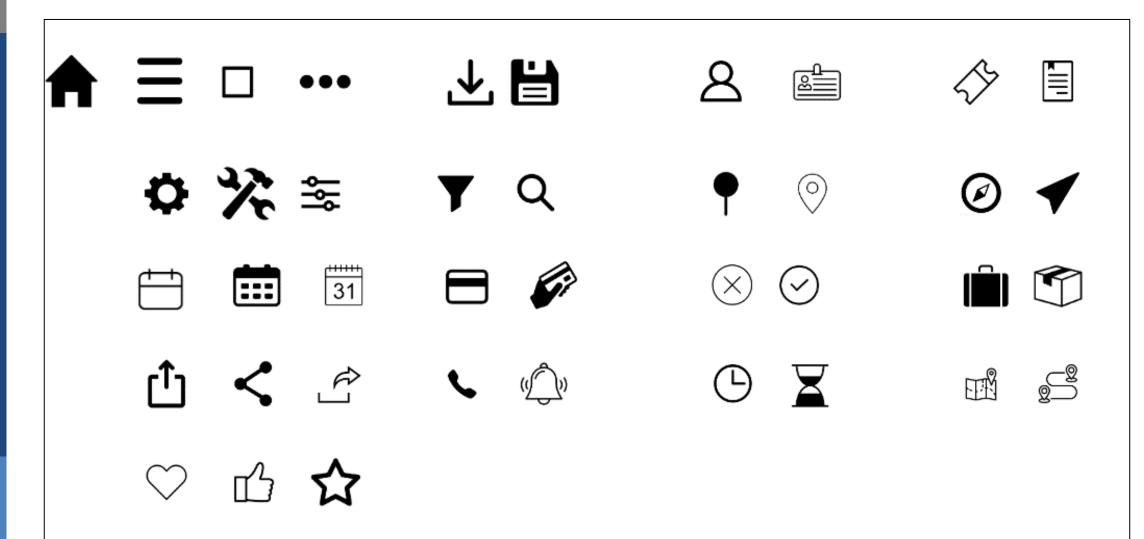




### When using a digital mobility service or app, can 0 3 7 you interpret the meaning behind the interface's icons? (1/2)Always 19 % Often 78 % Sometimes 3 % Not often 0 % Never 0 %

## Recurring icons in digital mobility

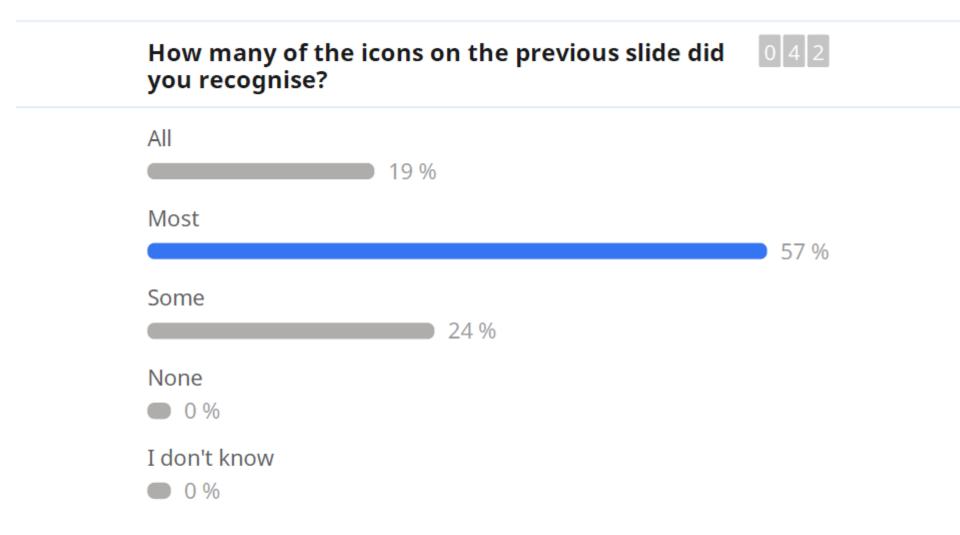






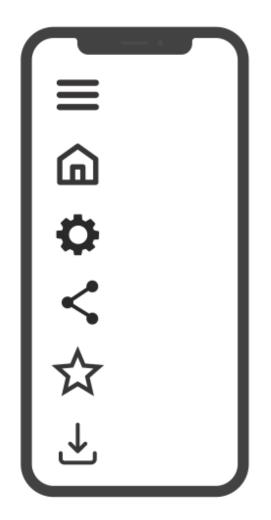


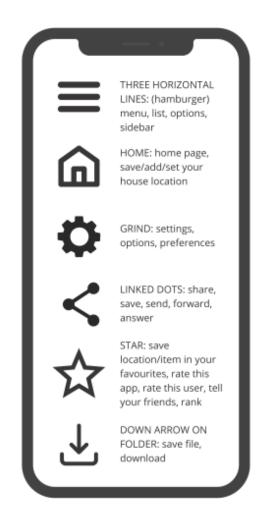




## Icon review















# Cybersecurity & privacy assessment guidelines



#### Who are the guidelines for?

INDIMO target groups:

- Operators of mobility/delivery services
- Policymakers in charge of regulations







### What do the guidelines consist of? What can they help with?

- ✓ Guidelines to improve cybersecurity & privacy of digital mobility solutions.
- Evaluation and recommendations for project pilots cybersecurity & privacy assessment

#### Who will benefit from it?

✓ INDIMO Vulnerable groups of people



#### What is its key message?

- Human-factors are relevant part in tackling security & data protection issues, preparing the organisation for that is an important aspect.
- Inclusivity is key also for security







### SPET – Service & Policy Evaluation Tool



#### Who is it for?

#### INDIMO target groups:

- Policymakers at municipalities, transport authorities
- ✓ NGOs representing vulnerable population groups
- ✓ Operators, developers





#### Who will benefit from it?

✓ INDIMO Vulnerable groups of people



#### What can it help with?

- ✓ An evaluation of current or new (future) services.
- ✓ Improve knowledge about how to provide inclusive & accessible services.
- ✓ It will enable & contribute to a better regulated & organised digital transport system.







### Scope



# Universal Design Principles

- ✓ Equitable use
- ✓ Tolerance for error
- ✓ Size & space for approach & use
- ✓ Simple & intuitive use
- ✓ Flexibility in use
- ✓ Low physical & intellectual effort
- ✓ Perceptible information
- ✓ Security & protection of data
- ✓ Social, spatial & economic inclusiveness

#### **Service Features**

- ✓ Payment
- ✓ Fair pricing
- ✓ Subscription
- ✓ Information
- ✓ Communication

#### **Assistance Offered**

- ✓ Visual assistance
- ✓ Reading assistance
- ✓ Autism-related considerations
- ✓ Iconology

















### If yes, how? What are the main issues or barriers this tool will help you to overcome?



Get a common knowledge

Accessibility helps to consider needs of different groups

(like Standardisation Standardization Clear procedure access it

Less time consuming



## Increase awareness

Easyness modes trvell

trveller tool smartphone

Provide training dark Complex structure

easier mode)

Local knowledge of tariffs You don't have to måske all the mistankes yourself

To update public transport mobile app Help with understanding text

On the margins, no breakthrough

How and where will the SPET fit into your current way of working? (for developing/deploying/operating of a new/existing service)



Passengers being preoccupied with this Harmonising Good dialogue Workingdaytime New services engage this is job of the PTsector PTOs platforms basis Not actual for me... awareness Replacing of different apps

### slido



What are the other aspects or issues would you like the SPET to cover?

### How can you contribute?



◎ ◎ ◎ ◎ ◎ ◎

### Join our co-creation community

- Workshop in Fall 2022 in Brussels
- Test the INDIMO toolbox
- Discuss how the tools can be used in other contexts

#### WELCOME TO THE EUROPEAN TRANSPORT AND MOBILITY

An alliance that helps identifying, designing and implementing novel ideas and innovation through participatory processes. The ETM Forum main goals are:

- → ESTABLISH CROSS-MODAL LINKS BETWEEN DIFFERENT TRANSPORT MODES FOR PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT
  - → INTEGRATE USER PERSPECTIVES INTO ALL TRANSPORT ASPECTS
  - → INVOLVE STAKEHOLDERS BEYOND TRANSPORT
  - → INITIATE R&D PROJECTS

CLICK TO ENTER --







### Thank you for your attention!





